BRIEF COMPANY HISTORY

KEY INNOVATIONS

1968:

First use of jumbo drill in the Canadian mining sector.

1974:

Redpath constructs mining's first "borehole hoisting system" at Brunswick Mining & Smelting to speed up shaft sinking and mine development. (New Brunswick, Canada)

1983:

Redpath Robbins Shaft Boring Machine is designed and built.

1988:

Design of Redbore 40 is completed, with two units produced and built.

1989:

Full-face, long round, shaft sinking introduced to Americas at TL shaft for Falconbridge in Sudbury. (Ontario, Canada)

1995:

Pioneered and introduced Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC's) for use on mine hoists.

2002:

Portable Alimak/MRC nest setup designed and used for the first time (Canada and Indonesia). Patents battery-powered version in 2008.

2003:

Redbore 50 is designed and built.

2005:

Pathways to Excellence Program is introduced, offering a unique training program for supervisors and managers.

2008:

Redbore 100 becomes the world's most powerful and largest capability raisebore machine at its debut at MineExpo in Las Vegas. (Nevada, USA).

2010:

Development of VDSL WiFi communications, monitoring and data collection system begins for shaft sinking operations.

2011:

Development of tunnel shield to establish ramp portal through deep running sands at Ghaghoo Mine. (Botswana)

2016:

Design & implementation of 'Shaft Controller System' to provide fully integrated instrumentation, controls and communications in shaft.

2018:

2nd generation SBR sinking machines are designed alongside Herrenknecht. (Belarus)

Challenge is an important part of life.

